



COMMON SECURITY AND DEFENCE POLICY

EUROPEAN TRAINING MISSION MALI (EUTM Mali)

Updated: 22/05/2018

Mission Background:

The restoration of a lasting peace in Mali is essential for long term stability in the Sahel region and in a broader sense for Africa and Europe.

At the request of the Malian Government and on the basis of UN resolutions, in particular the UN Security Council Resolution 2085, the Member States of the European Union agreed to establish a mission to train the Malian Armed Forces (MaAF), in the framework of the EU Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP). The First Mandate for the EU-Training Mission in Mali was established in February 2013.

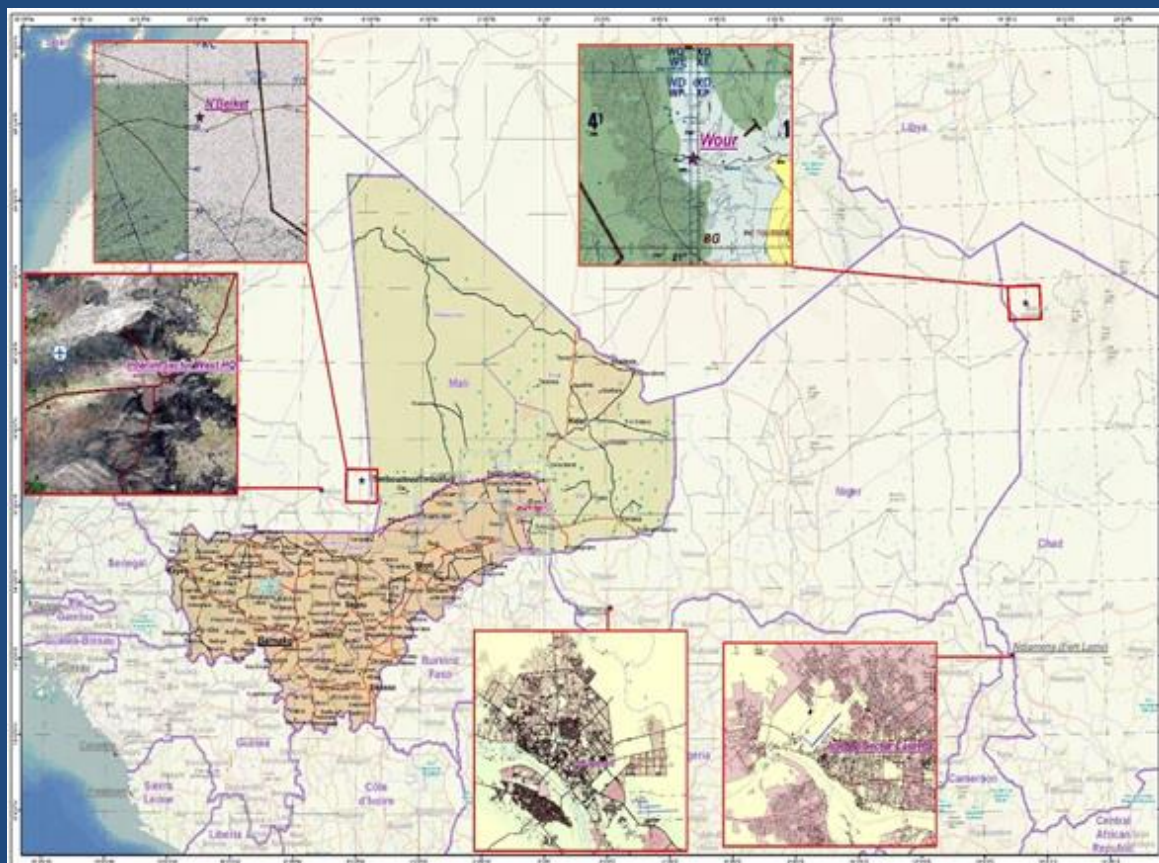
Mandate and Objectives

European Union has approved EUTM Mali's Fourth Mandate, which will last until May 2020. With the focus on four pillars of activity: namely advice, training, education MAF and support G5 Sahel EUTM strategic objectives are to:

- a. contribute improving the capacity of MAF under the full control of political authorities in view to:
 1. Consolidate the operational and strategic improvements of the MAF obtained with the support of EUTM Mali;
 2. Contribute to the political and security stabilisation of Mali, through the technical support to the implementation of the Agreement;
 3. Support the "restoration" of state control, Rule of Law and Order over the whole territory of Mali.
- b. Support the G5 Sahel, through the operationalisation of the G5S JF with a view to strengthen regional cooperation to address security threats in the region, notably terrorism and all forms of trafficking, including human trafficking.

FACTS and FIGURES

Mission Area:



Headquarters: Hotel Azalaï Nod-Sud (Bamako)

Mandate started: 18 May 2018

Mandate renewed: 18May18 – 18May20

Mission Commander: Brigadier general (OF6) Enrique Millán (Spain)

Mission Strength: 580

Troop Contributing Nations (TCNs):

AT; BE; BG; CZ; DE; EE; FI; FR; GR; HU; IE; IT; LT; LU; LV; PT; RO; SE; SI; SP; UK
AL; GE; ME; RS

ZA

Mission Budget: 59.700.000 €

Activities

- Malian armed forces (MaAF) students in total: 11713
- GTIA (Groupement Tactique Interarmes) trained: 8
- GTIA retrained: 5
- ETIA (Elément Tactique Interarmes) trained: 7
- CMATT (Combined Mobile Advisory and Training Teams) conducted: 12
- Company Commanders' courses: 7
- Company Commanders' courses National Guard: 1
- Train the Trainers courses (including Instructor courses): 15
- G5 Sahel LNO courses: 3
- G5 Sahel Staff Officers courses: 2
- Sniper courses: 5
- Indirect Fire (Mortar, Artillery, Tactical Air Control Party) courses: 17
- Logistic courses: 9

+223 44.97.60.98 (Fixe)

+223 79.99.72.01 (Cellphone)

mhq.pao@eutmmali.eu

<http://eutmmali.eu/>

- Medical courses: 3
- DSM Platoon training: 2
- Engineer courses: 9
- Leadership & education team (LET) interventions in military schools: 8
- Recce courses: 1
- Security Forces Courses: 3
- CIMIC: 1
- Counter-IED, First Aid and Human Rights and International Humanitarian Law training included in all courses.

Political Control and Strategic Direction

Political control, and strategic direction will be exercised by the Political and Security Committee (PSC), under the responsibility of the Council, and of the HR/VP for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy. Director of Military Planning and Conduct Capability (MPCC), in exercising the functions of mission commander, shall act under the political control and strategic direction of the PSC.

Military Direction

Will be exercised by the Director of MPCC, who will report EUMC at regular intervals. Throughout the mission, Dir MPCC will exercise his functions from the MPCC, located in Brussels.

At operational level, Mission Force Commander (MFCdr) will exercise command with the support of a MFHQ located in Mali.

A Mission Support Cell (MSC) in Brussels of the MFHQ shall be included in the MPCC until the MPCC has reached the full operational capacity.

The EU's integrated approach

The EU is implementing a comprehensive approach to the crisis in the Sahel region. In March 2011, the Council welcomed the presentation of an EU Strategy for Security and Development in the region. That strategy is notably based on the fact that development and security are closely linked and can be mutually reinforcing, but also on the fact that the solution to the complex crisis afflicting the Sahel demands a regional response.

The EU is determined to maintain its commitment to Mali, to help the Malian authorities consolidate peace and security and more generally to find lasting solutions to the crisis in the Sahel region, in close coordination with other regional and international stakeholders.

*The European Union's **Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP)** includes the gradual framing of a common defence policy that may in time lead to a common defence. The CSDP allows the Union to develop its civilian and military capacities for crisis management and conflict prevention at international level, thus helping to maintain peace and international security, in accordance with the United Nations Charter. The CSDP includes a strong conflict prevention component.*

More information and background documents available on:

www.eeas.europa.eu/csdp/missions-and-operations/ (mission title) - www.eeas.europa.eu

+223 44.97.60.98 (Fixe)

+223 79.99.72.01 (Cellphone)

mhq.pao@eutmmali.eu

<http://eutmmali.eu/>